



## **FINAL EVENT**

June 4th, 2019 Technasium Room







We will collect your data: names, email addresses, school addresses and signature.

We will send you an e-mail when the project is complete and you can access all the e-tools in one place.





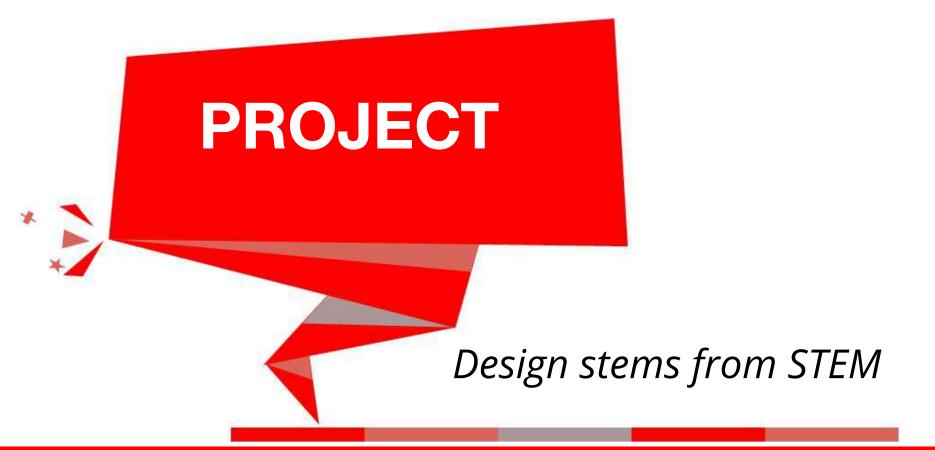




# Project and Partnership













#### PROJECT INTELLECTUAL OUTPUT

# An e-toolkit

- for integrated teaching/learning of design and STEM concepts
- based on real-life problems
- compliant to quality criterias
- available under open licence







## Target group:

- **Primary**: design students aged 15-25
- Secondary: STEM students aged 15-18

#### Core Teams:

- Pedagogy Team: innovative STEM educational methods and tools
- Design Team: experience and competence of design education
- STEM & ICT Team: experience and competence of STEM and ICT education

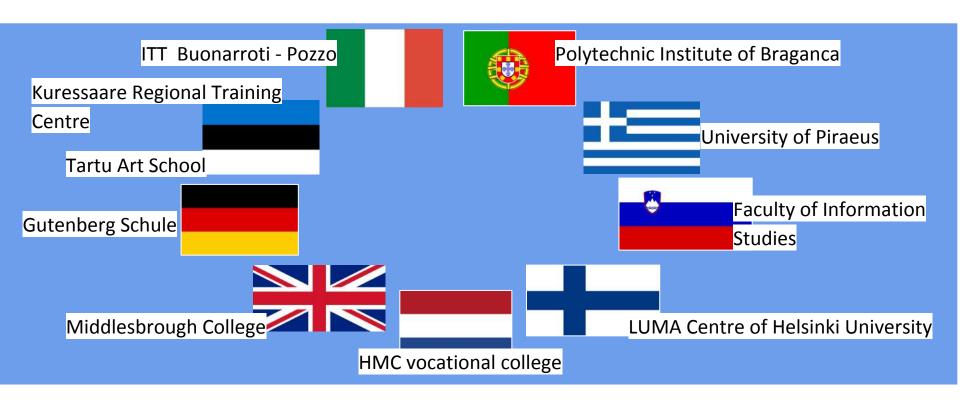






















# What is the 5E Instructional Model?













The teacher works to gain an understanding of the students' prior knowledge and identify any knowledge gaps.













Creates curiosity

Explains concepts prematurely

Raises questions



States conclusions

Uncovers what the students know or think about the concepts

Provides definitions and answers









"Why did this happen?"

Asks for the "right" answer



Shows interest in the topic

Offers the "right" answer

"What do I already know about this?"
What can I find out about this?"

Seeks one solution











Students actively explore the new concepts through concrete learning experiences.













Encourages students to work together without direct instruction

Provides answers and closure

Observes and listens to students' interactions



Informs students about mistakes

Acts as consultant for students

Acts as the sole source of information











Thinks freely but within limits of the activity

Shows passive involvement



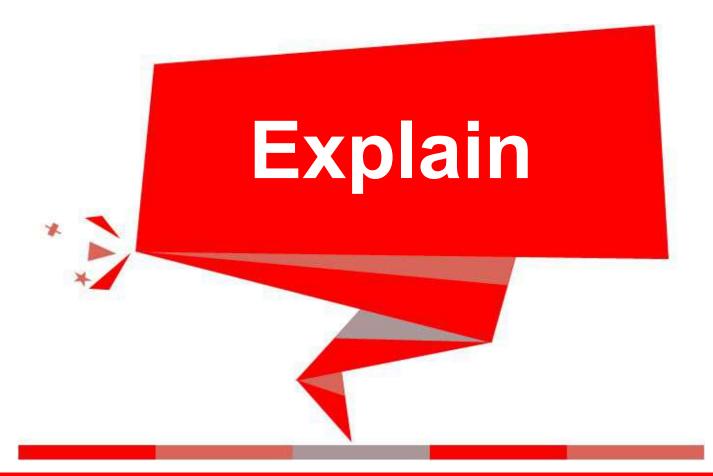
Stops with one solution

Suspends judgment

Tests and forms new predictions and hypotheses

"Plays around" indiscriminately with no goal in mind

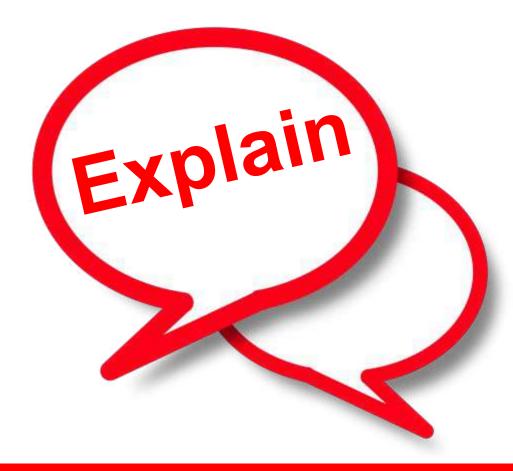








A teacher-led phase that helps students synthesize new knowledge and ask questions if they need further clarification.













Encourages students to explain concepts and definitions in their own words

Accepts explanations that have no justification

Asks for justification (evidence) and clarification from students



Introduces unrelated concepts or skills.

Uses students' previous experiences as basis for explaining concepts

"Plays around" with no goal in mind









Explains possible solutions or answers to others

Listens critically to others' explanations

Brings up irrelevant experiences and examples

Does not attend to other plausible explanations



Listens to and tries to comprehend explanations offered by teacher

Accepts explanations without justification











The phase focuses on giving students space to apply what they've learned. This helps them to develop a deeper understanding.

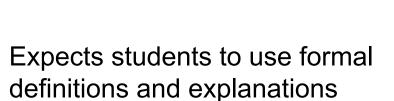




provided previously









Provides definitive answers tells students that they are wrong





Leads students step by step to a solution

Encourages students to apply or extend concepts and skills in new situations

Explains how to work through problems









Records observations and explanations

"Plays around" with no goal in mind

Checks for understanding among peers



Ignores previous information or evidence

Uses previous information to ask questions, propose solutions, make decisions and design experiments

In discussion, uses only labels provided by teacher











During this phase, teachers can observe their students and see whether they have a complete understanding of the core concepts.













Observes students as they apply new concepts and skills

Assesses students' knowledge and skills

Tests vocabulary words, terms, and isolated facts

> Introduces new ideas or concepts

Provides students with formative feedback to enhance their thinking or behaviours

Only provides summative feedback









Answers open-ended questions by using observations, evidence, and previously accepted explanations

Is able to evaluate his or her own progress and knowledge



Draws conclusions without using evidence or previously accepted explanation

Fails to express satisfactory explanations in his or her own words

Asks related questions that would encourage future investigations

Introduces new, irrelevant topics



#### **Explore**

Present the Content – Help learner understand concepts, process/procedures, facts or principles

#### Elaborate

Construct New Learning – Help learner apply prior learning and acquire new



#### Engage

Establish Relevancy – Help learner determine need of learning new concepts

#### **Explain**

Improve Understanding – Help learner to express new learning and provide guidance

#### Evaluate

Assess Learning – Help learner measure learning against its corresponding goals





# Fachwerk

A **VueJS** and **Markdown** based framework for creating interactive learning materials.





# DesignSTEM Projects

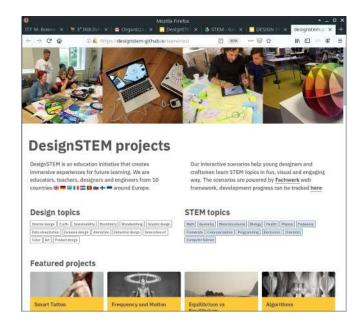




## Official web site

# https://designstem.github.io/scenarios/

- All content is licenced under CC (BY-NC-SA)
- All code is licenced under MIT licence.

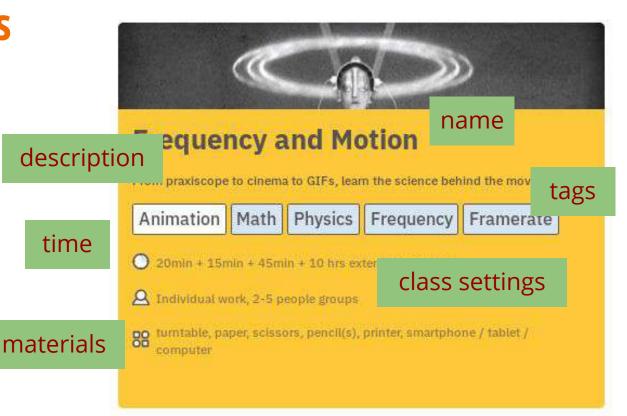






# **Featured projects**

- Smart Tattoos
- Frequency & Motion
- Equilibrium vs Equilibrium
- Become an Algorist!
- Design for colour blindness
- Metamerism









## **In-progress projects**

England	Natural Dyes	Netherlands 8	2D and 3D Patterns Waste is a Design Mistake Waste is a Design M Mistake II Waste is a Design Mistake III Looking for Triangles Sun
Germany 2	Colorblindness Metamerism	Portugal 4	Structures Lightness AVAColor Biomimicry
<b>□</b> Greece 1	Spirals	Slovenia 3	Algorithms Decision tree Software Engineering
III Italy	Of Bees and Packages RGB lamp Equilibrium vs Equilibrium	- Tartu	Scaling From Geometry to Design Interactive robotics
Kuressaare 5	Frequency and Motion Pottery Simulator Easing Moiré Bits and colors	+Finland 1	Smart Tattoo





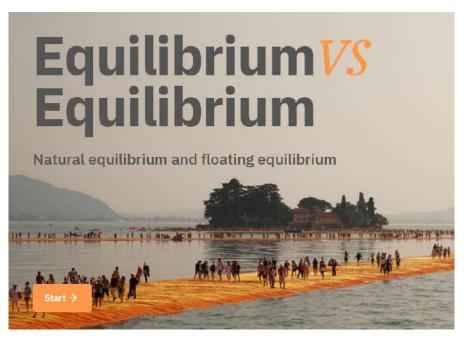
# Let's Play

https://designstem.github.io/scenarios/





## **Equilibrium vs Equilibrium**



#### Floating structures recycling plastic

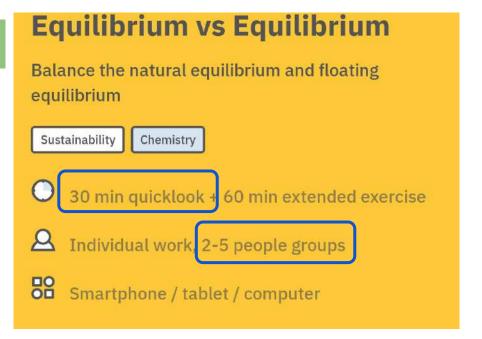






## **Equilibrium vs Equilibrium**

#### **Physics, Chemistry and Maths Plastics** TYPE LOPE Plastic Choice: LDPE Density: 0.926-0-940 g/cm3 (floats in fresh water Floats in fresh water and salt water, glycerin, alcohol. Sinks in and salt water, glycerin. vegetable oil alcohol, Sinks in vegetable oil) plastic LDPE LIQUID . floating WATER Liquid Choice: WATER









### **Colorblindness**

# Design for colour blindness

What is colour blindness?

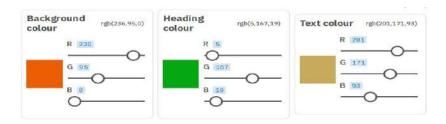
What is colour vision deficiency / CVD?

Wait... What is colour?

How to design for people whose colour perception is impaired?

Let's start →

#### Working color palette











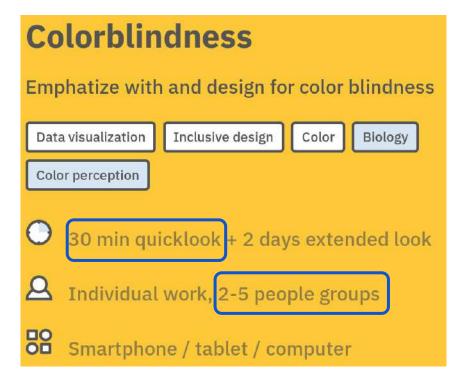






## **Colorblindness**

#### **Maths and Biology** Protanopia Fields with errors are marked red! Conrad de Colorbusier E-mail c.d.colourbusier@thisandthat.bom Press the green button if you DO NOT WANT TO DELETE ALL YOUR SAVINGS! color perception



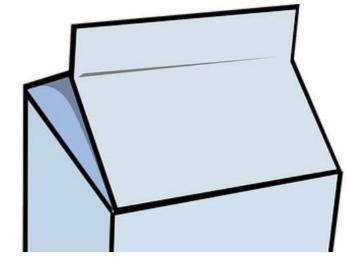




## **Of Bees and Packages**



#### **Package**

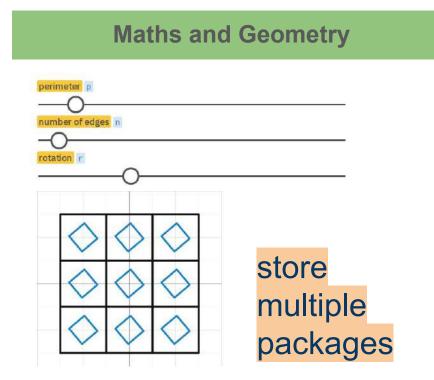








## Of Bees and Packages

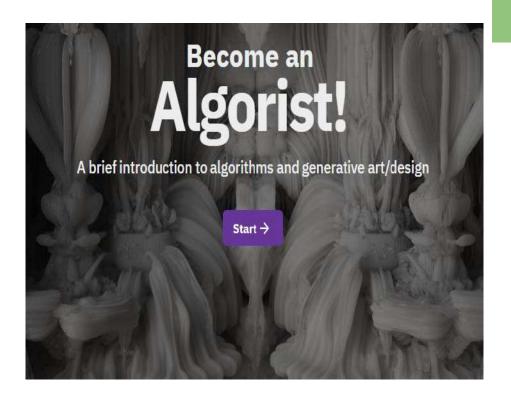




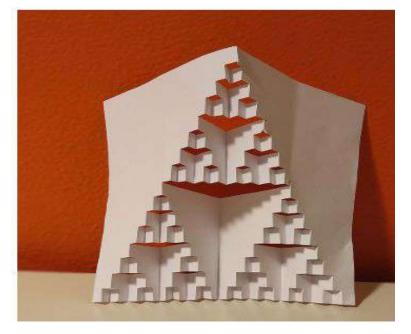




## **Algorithms**



#### Algorithm with paper and scissors

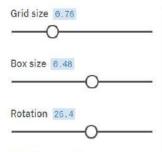




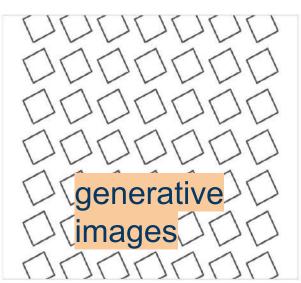


## **Algorithms**

#### **Maths and Geometry**



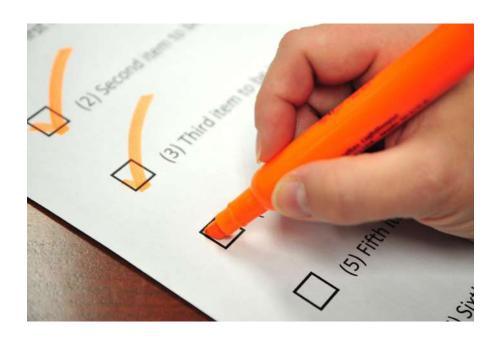
HINT: Try to make the grid size smaller than 0.5, box bigger than 1 and rotation higher than 45



## **Algorithms** From simple workflow steps to generative design Generative art Computer Science 45 min Individual work, 2-5 people groups Paper, scissors, smartphone / tablet / computer

## Assessment (for a single scenario)

## https://tinyurl.com/design-final-trento







# GRAZIE PER L'ATTENZIONE!